

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 12/06/2004

APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/663,099	10/663,099 09/15/2003		Jyrki Mikkola	02709/000N207-US0	1637
7278	7590	12/06/2004		EXAMINER	
DARBY &		P.C.	DINH, TRINH VO		
P. O. BOX 5257 NEW YORK, NY 10150-5257				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2821	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/663,099	MIKKOLA ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Trinh Vo Dinh	2821 .				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 M	av 2004.					
2a)□							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims	·	·				
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 September 2003</u> is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	re: a) $\boxtimes$ accepted or b) $\square$ objecdrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) □ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:  1. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. □ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infor	t(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 09/15/03.01/05/04.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

Art Unit: 2821

### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Information Disclosure Statement

1. In the Information Disclosure Statement filed 01/05/2004, the Examiner has crossed out the Europe Search Report listed under Non Patent Literature Documents because the report is not qualified for a reference. However, the references listed under the report have been considered by the Examiner.

## Claim Objections

2. Claims 2-11 are objected to because of the following informalities:

In claims 2-11, "An" should be changed to --The--.

In claim 3, line 2, "the physical length" should be changed to --the electrical length-- in order to agrees with the support in the specification.

Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Art Unit: 2821

4. Claims 1-3 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Pankinaho (US Patent 6,140,966).

With respect to claims 1 and 12, Pankinaho discloses, in Figs. 7-8 and 12a-12b, an internal planar antenna for a radio apparatus (210 in Fig. 9) comprising a ground plane (140 in Fig. 2), radiating plane (100), a feed conductor (110') for the latter, and a short-circuit conductor (131', col. 7, lines 1-11) which connects the radiating plane to the ground plane at a short-circuit point (Fig. 8), the ground plane (140) including at least one non-conductive slot (141 in Fig. 12a) to improve matching of the antenna, a starting point of the slot being in an edge of the ground plane.

With respect to claim 2, Pankinaho discloses, in Fig. 12a, the ground plane being a conductive layer on the upper surface of a circuit board (160, col. 7, lines 20-25) in the radio apparatus, and the radiating plane being a conductive plane above the ground plane (col. 7, lines 20-25) and having an outline shaped substantially like a rectangle (Fig. 12a), wherein said short-circuit point (130 in Fig. 12a) is located relatively close, in proportion to the lengths of the sides of the radiating plane (100), to a projection of a corner of the radiating plane in the circuit board, and said starting point of the slot (141) is located relatively near the short-circuit point and travels substantially parallel to a long side of the radiating plane.

With respect to claim 3, Pankinaho discloses the slot (141) in the ground plane (140) increasing the electrical length of the ground plane as measured from the short-circuit point.

Art Unit: 2821

5. Claims 1-4, 9-10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Avantego (WO 01/89031 A).

With respect to claims 1 and 12, Avantego discloses, in Figs. 1-2, an internal planar antenna (10) for a radio apparatus (page 1, lines 15+) comprising a ground plane (12), radiating plane (11), a feed conductor (13) for the latter, and a short-circuit conductor (14) which connects the radiating plane to the ground plane at a short-circuit point (Fig. 5), the ground plane (12) including at least one non-conductive slot (121, 122) to improve matching of the antenna, a starting point of the slot being in an edge of the ground (12).

With respect to claim 2, Avantego discloses the ground plane (12) being a conductive layer on the upper surface of a circuit board (page 5, lines 30-32) in the radio apparatus, and the radiating plane being a conductive plane (11) above the ground plane (12 in Fig. 2) and having an outline shaped substantially like a rectangle (Fig. 1), wherein said short-circuit point (in Fig. 5) is located relatively close, in proportion to the lengths of the sides of the radiating plane (11), to a projection of a corner of the radiating plane in the circuit board (18 in Fig. 4), and said starting point of the slot (121) is located relatively near the short-circuit point and travels substantially parallel to a long side of the radiating plane (Fig. 1)

With respect to claim 3, Avantego discloses the slot (121) in the ground plane (12) increasing the electrical length of the ground plane as measured from the short-circuit point.

Art Unit: 2821

With respect to claim 4, Avantego discloses the antenna having at least a lower and an upper operating band, wherein the ground plane (12) includes a first and a second non-conductive slot (121, 122).

With respect to claim 9, Avantego discloses said slot (121, 122) in the ground plane (12) being arranged to resonate in the upper operating band of the antenna.

With respect to claim 10, Avantego further discloses, in Fig. 1 the second slot (122) starting from an edge of the ground plane (12), which is opposite to that edge from which the first slot (121) starts.

6. Claims 1-4, and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Maoz et al (US 2004/012529 A1).

With respect to claims 1 and 12, Maoz discloses, in Figs. 1, 5a, 6a and 7a, an internal planar antenna (10) for a radio apparatus (paragraph [0030]) comprising a ground plane (51 in Fig. 5a), radiating plane (10), a feed conductor (7, 17) for the latter, and a short-circuit conductor (8+9, 18+19) which connects the radiating plane to the ground plane at a short-circuit point (7, paragraph [0034]), the ground plane (51) including at least one non-conductive slot (53a, 53b) to improve matching of the antenna, a starting point of the slot being in an edge of the ground (4).

With respect to claim 2, Maoz discloses the ground plane being a conductive layer on the upper surface of a circuit board (paragraph [0030]) in the radio apparatus, and the radiating plane (51) being a conductive plane above the ground plane (4, Figs. 1 and 5a) and having an outline shaped substantially like a rectangle (Fig. 5a), wherein said short-circuit point (7, 17) is located relatively close, in proportion to the lengths of the sides of the radiating plane (51), to a projection of a corner of the radiating plane

Art Unit: 2821

(51) in the circuit board (4), and said starting point of the slot (53a) is located relatively near the short-circuit point and travels substantially parallel to a long side of the radiating plane (51).

With respect to claims 3-4, Maoz discloses the slot (53a) in the ground plane (51) increasing the electrical length of the ground plane as measured from the short-circuit point, and the antenna having at least a lower and an upper operating band (paragraph [0017]), wherein the ground plane (51) includes a first and a second non-conductive slot (53a, 53b).

With respect to claim 9, Mao discloses at least a lower and an upper operating band ([0017]), said slot (53a, 53b) in the ground plane being arranged to resonate in the upper operating band of the antenna.

With respect to claims 10 and 11, Maoz further discloses the second slot (53b) starting from an edge of the ground plane (51) which is opposite to that edge from which the first slot (53a) starts, and at least one slot (53a) in the ground plane including a portion (the long portion of 53a) the direction of which differs substantially from the direction of the long side of the radiating plane

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 2821

8. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pankinaho (US Patent 6,140,966) or Maoz et al (US 2004/012529 A1) in view of Schiavone (US Patent 4,367,475).

Pankinaho or Maoz discloses every feature of the claimed invention except a capacitor. Schiavone discloses, in Figs. 1 and 1a, a capacitor (28) being connected across a slot (10). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to connect a capacitor across the slot as taught by Schiavone in order to improve resonant characteristics of the antenna structure.

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claims 5-6 and 8 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 10. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The cited art of record fails to teach the second slot starting from the same edge of the ground plane as the first slot and traveling substantially parallel to the first slot and said feed point being located between the first and second slots on the circuit board.

### *Inquiry*

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Trinh Vo Dinh whose telephone number is (571) 272-1821. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 9:30AM to 6:00PM.

Art Unit: 2821

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Don Wong, can be reached on (571) 272-1834. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art unit 2821

Trinh Vo Dinh November 24, 2004